(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 09:23:44 ON 25 NOV 2002)

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FILE 'EMBASE, BIOSIS, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 09:24:01 ON
     25 NOV 2002
          88405 S PDE2 OR PHOSPHODIESTERASE 2 OR PDE OR PHOSPHODIESTERASE
L1
L2
         296105 S LUPUS OR AUTOIMMUNE
           1706 S L2 AND L1
L3
          27894 S PDE2 INHIBITOR OR PHOSPHODIESTERASE 2 INHIBITOR OR PDE
L4
INHIBI
            476 S L2 AND L4
L5
            287 S L5 AND PY<2001
L6
L7
            247 DUP REM L6 (40 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s PDE II or phosphodiesterase II or PDE type 2
           922 PDE II OR PHOSPHODIESTERASE II OR PDE TYPE 2
=> s 18 and ;2
MISSING TERM AFTER L8 AND
COMMAND STACK INTERRUPTED. ENTER "DISPLAY HISTORY"
TO SEE WHICH COMMANDS WERE EXECUTED.
Operators must be followed by a search term, L-number, or query name.
=> s 18 and 12
L9
            11 L8 AND L2
=> s 19 and py<2001
   2 FILES SEARCHED...
             5 L9 AND PY<2001
=> dup rem 110
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L10
              5 DUP REM L10 (O DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> s 111 1-5 ab bib kwic
MISSING OPERATOR L11 1-5
The search profile that was entered contains terms or
nested terms that are not separated by a logical operator.
=> d 111 1-5 ab bib kwic
    ANSWER 1 OF 5 USPATFULL
L11
       A combination preparation comprising a compound which has a
       phosphodiesterase-inhibiting action, and a compound which reduces the
       biologically effective intracellular Ca.sup.2+ content, is suitable
for
       the treatment of immunological diseases.
       1999:151206 USPATFULL
AN
TΙ
       Combination preparation for use in immunological diseases
       Schonharting, Martin, Taunusstein, Germany, Federal Republic of
IN
       Mullner, Stefan, Hochheim, Germany, Federal Republic of
       Zabel, Peter, Bad Segeberg, Germany, Federal Republic of
       Hoechst Aktiengesllschaft, Frankfurt am Main, Germany, Federal Republic
PA
       of (non-U.S. corporation)
       US 5990103
                               19991123
                                                                     <--
       WO 9605838 19960229
                                                                     <--
       US 1997-793417
                               19970225 (8)
ΑТ
       WO 1995-EP3125
                               19950807
                               19970225 PCT 371 date
                               19970225 PCT 102(e) date
```

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DE 1994-4430128
                          19940825
PRAI
DT
       Utility
       Granted
EXNAM
      Primary Examiner: MacMillan, Keith D.
LREP
       Foley & Lardner
       Number of Claims: 8
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       No Drawings
DRWN
LN.CNT 614
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
                                                                     <--
       US 5990103
                               19991123
PΙ
                                                                     <--
       WO 9605838 19960229
       . . . Ca.sup.2+ /calmodulin-dependent PDE I cleaves both cGMP and
SUMM
       cAMP and is inhibited e.g. by phenothiazine, vinpocetine or IBMX. The
       cGMP-stimulatable PDE II also cleaves cGMP and cAMP,
       but no selective inhibitors are known for this enzyme; this is in
       contrast to PDE III, which has an identical substrate specificity to
       PDE II but can be inhibited by cGMP and a large number
       of other substances. The sometimes considerable structural differences
       between PDE.
                    . .
       autoimmune diseases, especially rheumatoid arthritis, systemic
SUMM
       lupus erythematosus and multiple sclerosis;
L11 ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPATFULL
       This invention provides a method of selectively decreasing pulmonary
AΒ
       vascular resistance in a subject by administering endobronchially a
drug
       chosen from among cAMP analogs, cGMP analogs, phosphodiesterase
       inhibitors, nitric oxide precursors, nitric oxide donors, and nitric
       oxide analogs.
       1999:128527 USPATFULL
AN
       Method of inducing vasorelaxation to treat pulmonary hypertension
ΤI
ΤN
       Lawson, Charles A., Verona, NJ, United States
       Pinsky, David J., Riverdale, NY, United States
       Smerling, Arthur, New Rochelle, NY, United States
       Stern, David M., Great Neck, NY, United States
       The Trustees of Columbia University in the City of New York, New York,
PΑ
       NY, United States (U.S. corporation)
       US 5968911
                                                                     <--
PΙ
                               19991019
                                                                     <--
       WO 9509636 19950413
       US 1997-362571
                               19970218 (8)
ΑI
       WO 1994-US11248
                               19941004
                               19970218
                                         PCT 371 date
                               19970218 PCT 102(e) date
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-131984, filed on 4 Oct 1993
RLI
DТ
       Utility
FS
       Granted
       Primary Examiner: Kunz, Gary L.
EXNAM
       White, John P. Cooper & Dunham LLP
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 47
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       19 Drawing Figure(s); 31 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1790
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
                                                                     <--
ΡI
       US 5968911
                               19991019
                                                                     <--
       WO 9509636 19950413
       . . . this classification is not universal and other classification
DETD
       schemes can be found in the literature.): PDE I - Ca.sup.+2
       /Calmodulin-activatable; PDE II - cGMP activatable;
       PDE III - cGMP inhibitable; PDE IV - cAMP-specific; PDE V -
```

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cGMP-specific. These families include, but.
       . . . were established. Because thromboxane is thought to play a
DETD
role
       in pulmonary hypertension in diseases as varied as scleroderma,
systemic
       lupus erythematosus, cirrhosis of the liver, and pulmonary
       emboli (25-33), the thromboxane analog U-46619, 9, 11-dideoxy-
       11.alpha., 9.alpha.-epoxymethanoprostaglandin F.sub.2.alpha. (10) was
       infused to induce pulmonary. . .
      . . relevant to clinical pulmonary hypertension because
thromboxane
       is thought to play a role in diseases as varied as scleroderma,
systemic
       lupus erythematosus, cirrhosis of the liver, and pulmonary
       emboli..sup.27-35 Others have shown that endothelium-derived relaxing
       factor (nitric oxide) has a significant.
    ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL
       Attaching certain ligands to antisense probes will hyperstabilize
AΒ
       sense-antisense duplexes. Such a hyperstabilized duplex is resistant to
      melting of the strands from one another, to unwinding of the strands,
       and to the action of nucleases. Applications include antiretroviral
       action, anti-reverse-transcriptase action, antiviral action,
       antiparasitical action, antibacterial action, antifungal action,
       anticancer action, anti-oncogene action, and other applications where
it
       is desired to inhibit gene expression at the genomic or messenger RNA
       level. The preferred ligands are certain minor-groove-binding agents,
       exemplified by CC-1065 and synthetic CC-1065 analogs.
       1998:88633 USPATFULL
ΑN
ΤI
       Hyperstabilizing antisense nucleic acid binding agents
ΙN
       Swenson, David H., Baton Rouge, LA, United States
       Board of Supervisors of Louisiana State University and Agricultural and
PΑ
       Mechanical College, Baton Rouge, LA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 5786138
                               19980728
       US 1994-289130
                               19940811 (8)
AΙ
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-10408, filed on 29 Jan 1993, now
RLI
       abandoned
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
      Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Rees, Dianne
EXNAM
LREP
       Runnels, John H.
       Number of Claims: 47
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 24
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 1252
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
PΙ
      US 5786138
                               19980728
      . . . is expected to have important therapeutic applications
SUMM
directed
       toward a variety of diseases, possibly including cancer, viral and
       retroviral diseases, autoimmune diseases, and parasitic
       infections.
DETD
            . ligand will be synthesized by following generally the route of
       Bolton et al., "Synthesis of the Phosphodiesterase Inhibitors PDE-I and
       PDE-II," J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun., pp. 1775-1776
       (1985), which is incorporated by reference, to produce the following
       compound (R2=t-butylcarbonyl): ##STR5##
DETD
       . . . by reference, include those taught generally by Boger et al.,
       "Diels-Alder Reactions of Heterocyclic Azadienes: Total Synthesis of
PDE
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I, PDE II, and PDE I Dimer Methyl Ester," J. Am.
       Chem. Soc., vol. 109, pp. 2717-2727 (1987); Rawal et al.,
       "Photocyclization Strategy. . . 108, pp. 2110-2112 (1986); Carter et
       al., "Studies on the Synthesis of the Antitumor Agent
CC-1065--Synthesis
       of PDE I and PDE II, Inhibitors of cAMP
       Phosphodiesterase, " J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun., pp. 1162-1164 (1986); and Reynolds et al., "The Chemistry, Mechanism of. . .
    ANSWER 4 OF 5 USPATFULL
       Compounds of formula I ##STR1## their physiologically-hydrolyzable and
AB
       -acceptable esters and salts thereof. Said compounds, esters and
       pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts are useful as
       pharmaceuticals, e.g. for asthma therapy.
       1998:48424 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Isoquinoline compounds, compositions containing them and their
ΤI
       pharmaceutical uses
       Naef, Reto, Rheinfelden, Switzerland
IN
       Novartis AG, Basel, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
                                                                       <--
PΙ
       US 5747506
                                19980505
       US 1996-771556
ΑI
                                19961220 (8)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-472042, filed on 6 Jun 1995, now
RLI
       abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-333699, filed on
       Nov 1994, now abandoned
PRAI
       GB 1993-22828
                            19931105
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
       Primary Examiner: Davis, Zinna Northington
EXNAM
LREP
       Borovian, Joseph J.
       Number of Claims: 16
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 873
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       US 5747506
                                19980505
       . . . of cAMP 1 .mu.M can be stimulated by Ca.sup.2+ +calmodulin
DETD
(0.5
       mM and 125 nM, respectively); eluting at 0.17-0.18M NaCl. PDE
       II: fractions showing substantial cAMP hydrolytic activity at
       100 .mu.M but not at 1 .mu.M; eluting at 0.31-0.32M NaCl. PDE V:.
DETD
       . . . well as their immunosuppressive activity, AGENTS OF THE
       INVENTION are also useful as immunosuppressive agents, e.g. for the
       treatment of autoimmune diseases, in particular for the treatment of autoimmune diseases in which inflammatory
       processes are implicated or which have an inflammatory component or
       aetiology, or as anti-inflammatory agents for the treatment of
       inflammatory disease in particular for the treatment of inflammatory
       disease in which autoimmune reactions are implicated or having
       an autoimmune component or aetiology.
DETD
       Examples of such disease to which the present invention is applicable
       include autoimmune hematological disorders (e.g. hemolytic
       anemia, aplastic anemia, pure red cell anemia and idiopathic
       thrombocytopenia), systemic lupus erythematosus,
       polychondritis, sclerodoma, Wegener granulamatosis, dermatomyositis,
       chronic active hepatitis, myasthenia gravis, Steven-Johnson syndrome,
       idiopathic sprue, autoimmune inflammatory bowel disease (e.g.
       ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease) endocrine ophthalmopathy,
       Grave's disease, sarcoidosis, alveolitis, chronic hypersensitivity
       pneumonitis, multiple sclerosis,. .
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- DETD . . . the treatment of endotoxin shock; nasally, for example for the treatment of rhinitis; occularly, for example for the treatment of autoimmune diseases of the eye; dermally, i.e. topically to the skin, for example for the treatment of dermatosese or psoriasis; or. .
- L11 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- AB Poly-ADP-ribose (fraction III: [ADP-ribose]n (n > 20) (I) was isolated from the serum of patients with systemic lupus erythematosus or synthesized using NMN, [14C]ATP, and calf thymus nucleus, followed by fractionation by hydroxy apatite column chromatog. I was conjugated with methylated bovine serum albumin, and injected i.p. into BALB/c mice. Spleen cells of immunized mice and mouse bone marrow cells (Ns-1) were incubated in 50% polyethyleneglycol. The antibody-producing cloned hybridoma cells (10H and 16B) were isolated and proliferated by i.p. injection in BALB/c mice. The supernatant of the in vitro culture of the cloned hybridomas was treated with (NH4)2SO4 at 0.5 satn., and the ppt. was chromatographed on an I-conjugated Sepharose 4B column, followed by elution with 3M Na thiocyanate. The isotype of 10H and 16B antibodies

identified as IgG3 .kappa., and IgM .lambda., resp. 10H antibody showed much higher immunoreactivity with I than 16B antibody. The immunoreactivity of 10H antibody was interfered with by smaller poly-ADP-ribose and slightly by monomeric ADP-ribose. 14C-labeled I was incubated with 10H or 16B antibody, and unreacted 14C-labeled I in the supernatant was digested with venom phosphodiesterase (
II), followed by DEAE-Sephadex A-25 column chromatog. or degraded by II plus alk. phosphatase digestion, followed by paper chromatog.

- AN 1984:549475 CAPLUS
- DN 101:149475
- TI Analysis of the structure of poly(ADP-ribose) recognized by monoclonal antibodies
- AU Kawamitsu, Hisae
- CS Dep. Intern. Med., Tokyo Med. Dent. Univ., Tokyo, Japan
- SO Ochanomizu Igaku Zasshi (**1984**), 32(2), 173-81 CODEN: OCIZAD; ISSN: 0472-4674
- DT Journal
- LA Japanese

was

- SO Ochanomizu Igaku Zasshi (1984), 32(2), 173-81 CODEN: OCIZAD; ISSN: 0472-4674
- AB Poly-ADP-ribose (fraction III: [ADP-ribose]n (n > 20) (I) was isolated from the serum of patients with systemic lupus erythematosus or synthesized using NMN, [14C]ATP, and calf thymus nucleus, followed by fractionation by hydroxy apatite column chromatog. I was conjugated with methylated bovine serum albumin, and injected i.p. into BALB/c mice. Spleen cells of immunized mice and mouse bone marrow cells (Ns-1) were incubated in 50% polyethyleneglycol. The antibody-producing cloned hybridoma cells (10H and 16B) were isolated and proliferated by i.p. injection in BALB/c mice. The supernatant of the in vitro culture of the cloned hybridomas was treated with (NH4)2SO4 at 0.5 satn., and the ppt. was chromatographed on an I-conjugated Sepharose 4B column, followed by elution with 3M Na thiocyanate. The isotype of 10H and 16B antibodies

identified as IgG3 .kappa., and IgM .lambda., resp. 10H antibody showed much higher immunoreactivity with I than 16B antibody. The immunoreactivity of 10H antibody was interfered with by smaller poly-ADP-ribose and slightly by monomeric ADP-ribose. 14C-labeled I was incubated with 10H or 16B antibody, and unreacted 14C-labeled I in the supernatant was digested with venom **phosphodiesterase** (II), followed by DEAE-Sephadex A-25 column chromatog. or degraded

by II plus alk. phosphatase digestion, followed by paper chromatog.

=>